

基本講座 第1講 『品詞・文型』

問1 文法的に適切なものを①～④の選択肢の中から一つ選べ。

1. () surfing looks very dangerous, it is actually safer than many sports.
① Despite ② However ③ Though ④ Nevertheless
2. () do you think of the current situation in Iraq?
① Who ② Why ③ How ④ What
3. When the young businessman was asked () he became rich, he answered that it was through hard work and nothing else.
① what ② who ③ when ④ how
4. The girl in the picture looks very ().
① happily ② happiness ③ happy ④ happier
5. “Why did Jack quit his job?”
“He wanted to () his dream of opening his own café”
① come true ② increase ③ make sure ④ realize
6. The catalog () that this year’s model is slightly cheaper than last year’s.
① says ② speaks ③ talks ④ tells
7. I was () to spend money carefully and save as much as I could.
① brought up ② getting up ③ grown up ④ made up
8. Could you () me who is planning Dan’s birthday party?
① say ② talk to ③ teach ④ tell
9. At first I thought this book (), but soon I found it difficult.
① easily ② easy ③ different ④ with ease
10. What do you () this flower in Japanese?
① think of ② say ③ call ④ find

11. I () Ann to go home.

- ① asked ② hoped ③ suggested ④ mentioned

12. My wife wanted to have our son () dinner for us, but I ordered a pizza instead.

- ① cook ② cooked ③ cooks ④ to cook

13. I often hear the girl () by her teacher.

- ① praising ② praised ③ to praise ④ praise

問2 かつこの中の語句を並べ替えて、文法的にも意味の上でも正しい英文となるようにしなさい。

1. 1時間君の自転車を貸してくれませんか。<1語不要>

Will you (**an / me / bicycle / your / to / for / lend**) hour?

2. All the traffic lights in the city are controlled from this room; computers (**are / keep / running / the traffic / to / used**) smoothly.

3. The engineers found (**also / but / complicated / not only / the computer system**) inefficient.

4. Keita: You have so many things in your room.

Cindy: I know. Actually, (**difficult / find / I / it / keep / to**) it neat and clean.

問3 次の文を、英語に訳しなさい。

1. 彼女はバスに乗り遅れて、10時まで事務所に来ませんでした。

2. 私は彼女にもうここにはこれ以上とどまれないと説明した。

3. 過度のストレスは健康に悪いということをしばしば耳にする。

問 4 文型を指摘して和訳しなさい。

1. You must leave your belongings in this locker.

2. He made his daughter a lot of beautiful dolls.

3. He remained single all his life.

4. She remained there for many years.

5. The problem now with the TV is not just what is seen but how it is seen.

6. For goodness sake, tell me at once which plan you want to choose.

7. Learning how to live on your own will do you no harm at all.

8. Let's calculate how much we will have to pay for this car.

問 5 次の英文を, 日本語に訳しなさい。

1. New research led by economists at the University of Warwick has revealed that it's how rich your father is and not what you can do that matters.

2. It gave him great pleasure to see people smiling and enjoying themselves because of something that he had done.

3. Watching my daughter using a knife and a fork makes me very nervous because she is so careless with them.

基本講座 第2講 『準動詞(動名詞・不定詞・分詞)』

問1 文法的に適切なものを①～④の選択肢の中から一つ選べ。

- () papers rapidly is not as important as writing them well.
① Written ② Writing ③ Write ④ Wrote
- After a lot of problems she () to learn to drive a car.
① gave up ② managed ③ put off ④ succeeded
- Please remember () the door when you leave for school.
① to lock ② locking ③ to have locked ④ having locked
- The grass has grown a lot this past week, hasn't it?" "Yes, it needs ()."
① cut ② cutting ③ being cut ④ to cut
- The gentleman insisted on () the money.
① my receiving ② my reception ③ me to receive ④ I should receive
- It is essential for us to know () a computer.
ア to how use イ use how to ウ how to use エ to use how
- He looked for a room ().
ア to sleep イ to sleep in ウ to be slept エ to sleep in it
- Though my boss is fair, () is hard to work with.
① he ② it ③ there ④ which
- He seems () a very popular actor when he was young.
① to be ② to have been ③ he was ④ he has been
- He likes novels () by Hemingway.
ア. writing イ. written ウ. writes エ. wrote

11. The parents were against the introduction of ID tag () students' names, grades, and even photos.

ア. contained イ. containing ウ. contains エ. contain

12. The growth of exports over the past three years is quite ().

① surprise ② surprised ③ to be surprised ④ surprising

13. () as a work of art, this new building is rather disappointing.

① Consider ② Considered ③ Considering ④ Having considered

問2 かつこの中の語句を並べ替えて、文法的にも意味の上でも正しい英文となるようにしなさい。

1. 双子があまりにも似ていたので人々はどっちがどっちだが見分けられなかった。

The twins are so much alike (**trouble / other / have / that / from / one / telling / the / people**).

2. 昔はきれいだったのだが、いまはこの川では泳げない。

The water of the river is (**clean / enough / in / not / swim / to**) though it used to be.

3. Reiko: Shall we cook tonight, or order some Chinese food?

Kyoko: Let's order Chinese (**because / cooking / feeling / I'm / to start / too tired**).

4. Hiroki: It takes about four hours from Tokyo to Hiroshima.

Mary: So long? I should take something for (**kids / on / our / play / to / with**) the train.

5. すみで新聞を読んでいる紳士を知っていますか。

(**the gentleman / do / reading / know / a newspaper / you**) in the corner?

6. この事実をみなに知らせる必要がある。<1 語句余分>

It (**the / the / to / knowing / make / is / fact / known / to / all / necessary**) students.

7. 聴衆が退屈そうな顔をしているのに彼は話し続けた。

He talked on (**looking / the audience / bored / with / on / and**).

問3 次の文を、英語に訳しなさい。

1. 簡単な英語で書かれているので、この小説は学生向けだ。
2. どの授業を取っていいかわからなかったので、アドバイスを求めることにした。
3. すみませんが、窓を閉めていただけませんか。
4. 事故で怪我をした少年が病院へ運ばれた。

問4 次の英文を、日本語に訳しなさい。

1. He decided not to lose any more money, so he gave up playing cards.
2. His low salary prevents him from marrying her.
3. It's disappointing that you can't come to my party.
4. I read the newspaper to keep myself informed of what is happening everywhere in the world.
5. Many species of shark need better protection to prevent their extinction within coming decades.

6. It is estimated that between 6.4% and 7.9% of the world's sharks are killed each year, leading to a decline in the numbers of some species.

7. Grandmasters typically spend an extraordinary five thousand hours studying the game by themselves during their first ten years of learning to play.

(注) Grandmaster: 将棋, 碁, チェスなどのゲームの名人

8. Many mobile phone users keep checking their mobile phones thinking they have vibrated, only to find no one has called.

基本講座 第3講 『関係詞』

問 1 文法的に適切なものを①～④の選択肢の中から一つ選べ。

1. Do customers in restaurants () smoke bother you?
① who ② when ③ whose ④ which

2. She likes boys () she thinks have respect for their parents.
① whoever ② who ③ of whom ④ whose

3. Use the words () meanings are clear to you.
① which ② that ③ whether ④ whose

4. The bus we were () didn't arrive.
① waiting it ② waiting for it ③ waiting for ④ waiting

5. The person to () I spoke yesterday isn't there.
① whose ② that ③ who ④ whom

6. Tell me the reason () you want to go to England.
① which ② where ③ what ④ why

7. The reasons () they give for this conclusion are clear.
① which ② why ③ for which ④ how

8. I forgot the name of the town () I took these photos.
① which ② what ③ where ④ whose

9. Kyoto is one of the old cities () tourists from America never fail to visit.
① which ② what ③ where ④ whose

10. The school basketball team has lost again, () doesn't surprise me.
① it ② that ③ what ④ which

11. The room was full of girls, three of () were her own children
① which ② who ③ them ④ whom
12. () she is worried about is the result of the investigation.
① How ② That ③ What ④ Whether
13. A large proportion of () English-speaking people watch on TV is of American origin.
① that ② what ③ where ④ which
14. Jack owes () he is to the care and support of his wife.
① as ② that ③ what ④ which

問2 かっこの中の語句を並べ替えて、文法的にも意味の上でも正しい英文となるようにしなさい。

1. その問題をどうやって解いたの。

(**me / solved / tell / the problem / the way / you**).

2. Evan: I want to buy my first computer, but I don't know which one I should get.

Sam: Don't worry. Electronic stores always have experts available to give advice

(**aren't / familiar / those / to / who / with**) using computers.

3. "We all dislike our boss, (**about / because / care / he / seems / the only thing / to**) is money."

"If that's true, I'll never work under him."

4. どれを選ぶか決めなくてはならない時が来るだろう。

The time (**which / come / decide / I / when / will / one / to / should**) choose.

5. 彼は、自分が正しいと考えることをする勇気がある。

He (**is / has / to / the / thinks / courage / do / what / he**) right.

問 3 次の文を、英語に訳しなさい。

1. あなたが車を借りた人はどういう名前ですか？
2. 建築家とは、建物を設計する人のことである。
3. その仕事に応募したいと思っている人はだれでも、金曜日までに応募しなければならない。
4. 私たちは昨日、私が一度も行ったことがなかった市立博物館を訪れました。

問 4 関係詞節と先行詞を指摘して、訳しなさい。

1. The restaurant which we normally go to is closed for renovation.
2. The sweater I wanted to buy was not in stock at the store.
3. This is the point where I completely disagree with Ms. Nakamura.
4. I'm interested in the way houses are built in Africa.
5. The street I live in is very noisy at night, which makes it difficult to sleep sometimes.
6. In that year he met Rachel, whom he was later to marry.
7. The girls were delighted to meet the man by whom their favorite songs were sung.
8. A friend on whom one can depend in time of trouble is a real friend.

問 5 次の英文を, 日本語に訳しなさい。

1. When we speak about something important to us, we want to have evidence that the person we are speaking to is paying attention.

2. I think it is necessary that students learn sign language in school. It is a means that enables people with hearing disabilities to express themselves.

3. Some of the environmental problems that we are now facing are so serious that we may not be able to find solutions to them immediately.

4. When it comes to the world's most polluting industries, it is easy to guess that the oil industry is number one. What many people do not realize, however, is that clothing and textiles — the fashion industry — is number two.